

## CROOK COUNTY

### Demographics

The Census Bureau's current census estimates indicate that Crook County's population increased from 7,083 in 2010 to 7,184 in 2013, or by 1.4 percent. This compares to a statewide population growth of 3.4 percent over the period. The number of people from 25 to 44 years of age decreased by -0.6 percent, and the number of people from 55 to 64 years of age increased by 10.3 percent. The white population decreased by -.2 percent, while the black population increased by 400.0 percent. The Hispanic population increased from 141 to 202 people between 2010 and 2013 or by 43.3 percent. These data are presented in Table II.6.1, below.

<b>Table II.6.1</b>						
<b>Profile of Population Characteristics</b>						
Wyoming vs. Crook County						
2010 Census and 2013 Current Census Estimates						
Subject	Crook County			Wyoming		
	2010 Census	Jul-13	% Change	2010 Census	Jul-13	% Change
<b>Population</b>	<b>7,083</b>	<b>7,184</b>	<b>1.4%</b>	<b>563,626</b>	<b>582,658</b>	<b>3.4%</b>
<b>Age</b>						
Under 14 years	1,389	1,409	1.4%	113,371	115,337	1.7%
15 to 24 years	755	768	1.7%	78,460	80,908	3.1%
25 to 44 years	1,529	1,520	-0.6%	144,615	151,055	4.5%
45 to 54 years	1,159	1,025	-11.6%	83,577	76,258	-8.8%
55 to 64 years	1,101	1,214	10.3%	73,513	80,411	9.4%
65 and Over	1,150	1,248	8.5%	70,090	78,689	12.3%
<b>Race</b>						
White	6,937	6,920	-0.2%	529,110	539,936	2.0%
Black	17	85	400.0%	5,135	10,186	98.4%
American Indian and Alaskan Native	48	65	35.4%	14,457	15,258	5.5%
Asian	11	15	36.4%	4,649	5,506	18.4%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0	0	%	521	630	20.9%
Two or more races	70	99	41.4%	9,754	11,142	14.2%
<b>Ethnicity (of any race)</b>						
Hispanic or Latino	141	202	43.3%	50,231	56,363	12.2%

Table II.6.2, on the following page, presents the population of Crook County by age and gender from the 2010 Census and 2013 current census estimates. The 2010 Census count showed a total of 3,648 males, who accounted for 51.5 percent of the population, and the remaining 48.5 percent, or 3,435 persons, were female. In 2013, the number of males rose to 3,674 persons, and accounted for 51.1 percent of the population, with the remaining 48.9 percent, or 3,510 persons being female.

<b>Table II.6.2</b> <b>Population by Age and Gender</b> Crook County 2010 Census and 2013 Current Census Estimates							
Age	2010 Census			2013 Current Census Estimates			% Change 10-12 Male
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
Under 14 years	732	657	1,389	719	690	1,409	1.4%
15 to 24 years	424	331	755	412	356	768	1.7%
25 to 44 years	780	749	1,529	796	724	1,520	-.6%
45 to 54 years	565	594	1,159	503	522	1,025	-11.6%
55 to 64 years	569	532	1,101	610	604	1,214	10.3%
65 and Over	578	572	1,150	634	614	1,248	8.5%
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,648</b>	<b>3,435</b>	<b>7,083</b>	<b>3,674</b>	<b>3,510</b>	<b>7,184</b>	<b>1.4%</b>
% of Total	51.5%	48.5%	.	51.1%	48.9%	.	.

At the time of the 2010 Census, there were 34 persons living in “group quarters.” This type of household is defined as places where individuals live or stay in a group living arrangement owned or managed by an organization that provides housing or services for residents, such as medical care. Group quarters also include places like college residence halls, military barracks, or correctional facilities. Between 2000 and 2010, the number of persons living in group quarters decreased by 66 percent, as shown in Table II.6.3, below.

<b>Table II.6.3</b> <b>Group Quarters Population</b> Crook County 2000 SF1 and 2010 Census Data			
Group Quarters	2000 Census	2010 Census	% Change 00-10
<b>Institutionalized</b>			
Correctional Institutions <sup>82</sup>	4	4	0.0%
Juvenile Facilities	.	.	.
Nursing Homes	74	30	-59.5%
Other Institutions	17	.	-100.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>-64.2%</b>
<b>Noninstitutionalized</b>			
College Dormitories	.	.	.
Military Quarters	.	.	.
Other Noninstitutions	5	.	-100.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>.</b>	<b>-100.0%</b>
<b>Group Quarters Population</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>-66.0%</b>

In the 1980, 1990, and 2000 Decennial censuses, the Census Bureau released several tabulations in addition to the full SF1 100 percent count data including the one-in-six SF3 sample. These additional samples, such as the SF3, asked supplementary questions regarding income and household attributes that were not asked in the 100 percent count. In the 2010 Decennial census, the Census Bureau did not collect additional sample data, such as the SF3, and thus many important housing and income concepts are not available in the 2010 Census.

To study these important concepts the Census Bureau distributes the American Community Survey every year to a sample of the population and quantifies the results as one-, three- and five-year

<sup>82</sup> In the 2010 Census, “juvenile facilities” and “correctional facilities” were reported separately.

averages. The one-year sample only includes responses from the year the survey was implemented, while the five-year sample includes responses over a five-year period. Since the five-year estimates include more responses, the estimates can be tabulated down to the Census tract level, and considered more robust than the one or three year sample estimates.

Table II.6.4, below, shows data on household type by tenure in the 2012 5-year ACS data. Household type is broken down by family households and non-family households. In 2012, there were an estimated 2,023 family households, of which 1,714 housed married couple families and 309 housed “other families.” “Other family” is defined as either a male householder with no wife present, of whom there were 55 families, or a female householder with no husband present, of which there were 254 families. There were also an estimated 923 “non-family households,” which refers to households of unrelated people or one person living alone. When compared to the state, the percentage of family households in Crook County was 68.7 percent, which compared to the statewide rate of 65.9 percent. Of the family households in Crook County, 84.7 percent were married households, which compared to 80.5 percent in the State of Wyoming.

<b>Table II.6.4 Household Type by Tenure Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data</b>				
Family Type	Crook County		State of Wyoming	
	Crook County	% of Total	State of Wyoming	% of Total
Family households	2,023	68.7%	145,992	65.9%
Married-couple family	1,714	84.7%	117,493	80.5%
Owner-occupied housing units	1,459	85.1%	98,110	83.5%
Renter-occupied housing units	255	14.9%	19,383	16.5%
Other family	309	15.3%	28,499	19.5%
Male householder, no wife present	55	2.7%	9,246	32.4%
Owner-occupied housing units	55	100.0%	5,485	59.3%
Renter-occupied housing units	0	.0%	3,761	40.7%
Female householder, no husband present	254	12.6%	19,253	67.6%
Owner-occupied housing units	137	53.9%	10,177	52.9%
Renter-occupied housing units	117	46.1%	9,076	47.1%
Nonfamily households	923	31.3%	75,487	34.1%
Owner-occupied housing units	638	69.1%	41,887	55.5%
Renter-occupied housing units	285	30.9%	33,600	44.5%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>221,479</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Table II.6.5, on the following page, displays the 2012 5-year ACS census data for household type by household size. In 2012, there were 1,176 two-person family households, 334 three-person family households and 241 four-person family households. One-person non-family households made up 90.0 percent of all non-family households or an estimated 831 households. Crook County’s two persons households made up 42.9 percent of total housing units and four person households made up an additional 8.2 percent, which compares to 37.8 and 12.1 percent, respectively, for the State of Wyoming.

<b>Table II.6.5</b>				
<b>Household Type by Household Size</b>				
Crook County				
2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
<b>Household Size</b>	<b>Family Households</b>	<b>Non-Family Households</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>% of Total</b>
<b>Crook County</b>				
One Person	.	831	831	28.2%
Two Person	1,176	87	1,263	42.9%
Three Person	334	5	339	11.5%
Four Person	241	0	241	8.2%
Five Person	198	0	198	6.7%
Six Person	34	0	34	1.2%
Seven Person	40	0	40	1.4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,023</b>	<b>923</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>State of Wyoming</b>				
One Person	.	61,207	61,207	27.6%
Two Person	71,901	11,872	83,773	37.8%
Three Person	29,567	1,663	31,230	14.1%
Four Person	26,129	580	26,709	12.1%
Five Person	11,395	74	11,469	5.2%
Six Person	4,420	91	4,511	2.0%
Seven Person	2,580	0	2,580	1.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>145,992</b>	<b>75,487</b>	<b>221,479</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

The 2012 5-Year ACS census estimates also provided information on tenure by household size. According to the 2012 ACS estimates, of the 1,263 two-person households, 1,086 were owner-occupied and 177 were renter-occupied. Of the 241 four-person households, 211 were owner-occupied and 30 were renter-occupied. Further household size data by tenure are presented in Table II.6.6, below.

<b>Table II.6.6</b>				
<b>Tenure by Household Size</b>				
Crook County				
2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
<b>Household Size</b>	<b>Own</b>	<b>Rent</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>% of Total</b>
<b>Crook County</b>				
One Person	603	228	831	28.2%
Two Person	1,086	177	1,263	42.9%
Three Person	237	102	339	11.5%
Four Person	211	30	241	8.2%
Five Person	103	95	198	6.7%
Six Person	9	25	34	1.2%
Seven Person or more	40	0	40	1.4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,289</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>State of Wyoming</b>				
One Person	35,444	25,763	61,207	27.6%
Two Person	65,905	17,868	83,773	37.8%
Three Person	21,929	9,301	31,230	14.1%
Four Person	19,413	7,296	26,709	12.1%
Five Person	7,927	3,542	11,469	5.2%
Six Person	3,406	1,105	4,511	2.0%
Seven Person or more	1,635	945	2,580	1.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>155,659</b>	<b>65,820</b>	<b>221,479</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

As seen in Table II.6.7, on the following page, Crook County had a total of 3,574 housing units of which 2,946 or 82.4 percent were occupied. Of these occupied units, 77.7 percent, or 2,289 units were owner occupied, which compares to a statewide rate of 70.3. A total of 628 units or 17.6 percent of all units were vacant. This compared to a statewide vacancy rate of 15.3 percent.

<b>Table II.6.7 Housing Units by Tenure</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Tenure	Crook County		State of Wyoming	
	Units	% of Total	Units	% of Total
Occupied Housing Units	2,946	82.4%	221,479	84.7
Owner-Occupied	2,289	77.7%	155,659	70.3
Renter-Occupied	657	22.3%	65,820	29.7
Vacant Housing Units	628	17.6%	39,951	15.3
<b>Total Housing Units</b>	<b>3,574</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>261,430</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Table II.6.8, below, shows that of the 628 housing units in Crook County as reported in the 2012 ACS data, 7 or 1.1 percent were for rent and 53 or 8.4 percent were for sale. An estimated 365 units were for seasonal, recreational, or occasional use, and 174 or 27.7 percent of all vacant units were listed as “other vacant.” This compares to a statewide percentage of 25.8 percent for “other vacant” units.

<b>Table II.6.8 Disposition of Vacant Housing Units</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Disposition	Crook County		State of Wyoming	
	Units	% of Total	Units	% of Total
For rent	7	1.1%	5,825	14.6%
Rented, but not occupied	18	2.9%	1,811	4.5%
For sale only	53	8.4%	2,711	6.8%
Sold, but not occupied	6	1.0%	799	2.0%
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	365	58.1%	18,027	45.1%
For migrant workers	5	.8%	488	1.2%
Other vacant	174	27.7%	10,290	25.8%
<b>Total</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>39,951</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Table II.6.9, at right, presents different income statistics for Crook County. According to the 2012 ACS data averages, median family income for Crook County was \$57,299 compared to the statewide average of \$70,013. Per capita income for Crook County, which is calculated by dividing total income by population, was \$26,312, which compared to \$28,858 for the State of Wyoming.

<b>Table II.6.9 Median and Per Capita Income</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data		
Income Type	Crook County	Wyoming
Median Family Income	57,299	70,013
Median Household Income	51,319	56,573
Per Capita Income	26,312	28,858

Table II.6.10, on the following page, shows households by income for Crook County and the State of Wyoming. In Crook County, there were a total of 230 households or 7.8 percent with incomes under \$15,000 compared to 9.9 percent of households in Wyoming. There were another 489 households that had incomes between \$35,000 and \$49,999, which accounted for 16.6 percent of households and compared to 14.2 percent for the State of Wyoming. Households with incomes of \$100,000 or more accounted for 14.9 percent of total households and numbered 439 in Crook County.

<b>Table II.6.10</b> <b>Households by Income</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Income	Crook County		State of Wyoming	
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total
Under 15,000	230	7.8%	21,996	9.9%
15,000 - 19,999	129	4.4%	10,608	4.8%
20,000 - 24,999	83	2.8%	10,519	4.7%
25,000 - 34,999	485	16.5%	22,992	10.4%
35,000 - 49,999	489	16.6%	31,395	14.2%
50,000 - 74,999	623	21.1%	44,135	19.9%
75,000 - 99,999	468	15.9%	31,949	14.4%
100,000 and above	439	14.9%	47,885	21.6%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>221,479</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Poverty statistics were also reported in the 2012 5-year ACS estimates, and these data are displayed in Table II.6.11, below. In total, the poverty rate in Crook County was 8.6 percent, which compared to a statewide poverty rate of 11.0 percent in Wyoming. The male population in Crook County had a poverty rate of 8.9 percent and the female population had a poverty rate of 8.2 percent. There were 49 males and 64 females in poverty under the age of 5. Overall, 19.0 percent of persons in poverty in Crook County were under the age of five, which compared to 13.0 percent statewide. The elderly population, comprised of individuals 65 years of older, had 56 individuals with incomes below the poverty level which represented 9.4 percent of the total population in poverty. In the State of Wyoming there were 4,264 individuals with incomes below the poverty level which represented 7.0 percent of the total Wyoming population in poverty.

<b>Table II.6.11</b> <b>Poverty by Age</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Age	Male	Female	Total	% of Total
<b>Crook County</b>				
5 and Below	49	64	113	19.0%
6 to 18	49	47	96	16.1%
18 to 64	197	134	331	55.5%
65 and Older	21	35	56	9.4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>596</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
Poverty Rate	8.9%	8.2%	8.6%	.
<b>State of Wyoming</b>				
5 and Below	3,990	3,909	7,899	13.0%
6 to 18	6,156	5,415	11,571	19.1%
18 to 64	15,273	21,629	36,902	60.9%
65 and Older	1,453	2,811	4,264	7.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>26,872</b>	<b>33,764</b>	<b>60,636</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
Poverty Rate	10%	12%	11.0%	.

Table II.6.12, on the following page, presents the breakdown of households by unit type and tenure. Between 2008 and 2012, Crook County saw an average of 1,722 owner-occupied single-family units compared to 345 single-family rental units. In Crook County, single-family units comprised 70.2 percent of all households compared with 71.5 percent statewide. Crook County

had a total of 45 apartment rental units and total apartment units accounted for 1.5 percent of all households. In the State of Wyoming, apartment units accounted for 7.9 percent of total households. There were also an estimated 790 mobile homes in Crook County, which comprised 26.8 percent of all occupied housing units and compared to 13.6 statewide.

<b>Table II.6.12 Households by Unit Type</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Unit Type	Tenure			% of Total
	Own	Rent	Total	
<b>Crook County</b>				
Single-Family Unit	1,722	345	2,067	70.2%
Duplex	0	10	10	.3%
Tri- or Four-Plex	2	24	26	.9%
Apartments	0	45	45	1.5%
Mobile Homes	557	233	790	26.8%
Boat, RV, Van, Etc.	8	0	8	.3%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,289</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>State of Wyoming</b>				
Single-Family Unit	130,636	27,673	158,309	71.5%
Duplex	771	4,940	5,711	2.6%
Tri- or Four-Plex	529	8,887	9,416	4.3%
Apartments	776	16,716	17,492	7.9%
Mobile Homes	22,624	7,565	30,189	13.6%
Boat, RV, Van, Etc.	323	39	362	.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>155,659</b>	<b>65,820</b>	<b>221,479</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Table II.6.13, below, shows the number of households by year of construction. As shown, 10.2 percent, or 300 units, were built in 1939 or earlier in the county, and another 136 percent were built between 1940 and 1949. The number of households built between 2000 and 2009 was 411, which accounted for 14.0 percent of all households, and an additional 47 households, or 1.6 percent, were built in 2010 or later. These figures compare to 1,270 households, or 0.6 percent, that were built from 2005 or later statewide.

<b>Table II.6.13 Households by Year Built</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Year Built	Crook County		State of Wyoming	
	Households	% of Total	Households	% of Total
1939 or earlier	300	10.2%	24,899	11.2%
1940 to 1949	136	4.6%	10,352	4.7%
1950 to 1959	215	7.3%	22,395	10.1%
1960 to 1969	168	5.7%	19,254	8.7%
1970 to 1979	636	21.6%	50,875	23.0%
1980 to 1989	561	19.0%	34,715	15.7%
1990 to 1999	472	16.0%	26,905	12.1%
2000 to 2009	411	14.0%	30,814	13.9%
Built 2010 or Later	47	1.6%	1,270	.6%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>221,479</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Table II.6.14, below, displays housing units for Crook County and the State of Wyoming. The number of rooms in Crook County varied between households. Households with one room accounting for only 0.3 percent of total housing units, while households with five and six rooms accounted for 27.6 and 18.0 percent, respectively. The median number of rooms in Crook County was 6 rooms, which compared to 6 statewide.

<b>Table II.6.14 Housing Units by Number of Rooms</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Number of Rooms	Crook County		State of Wyoming	
	Housing Units	% of Total	Housing Units	% of Total
One	11	.3%	4,323	1.7%
Two	48	1.3%	6,841	2.6%
Three	173	4.8%	19,299	7.4%
Four	571	16.0%	44,488	17.0%
Five	985	27.6%	51,437	19.7%
Six	642	18.0%	40,208	15.4%
Seven	413	11.6%	32,481	12.4%
Eight	309	8.6%	25,835	9.9%
Nine or more	422	11.8%	36,518	14.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,574</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>261,430</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
Median Rooms	6	.	6	.

Table II.6.15, at right, shows the number of households in the county by number of bedrooms and tenure. There were 5 rental households with no bedrooms, otherwise known as studio apartments. Two-bedroom households accounted for 22.5 percent of total households in Crook County, which compared to 24.6 percent statewide. In Crook County, the 1,586 households with three bedrooms accounted for 53.8 percent of all households, and there were only 161 five-bedroom or more households, which accounted for 5.5 percent of all households.

<b>Table II.6.15 Households by Number of Bedrooms</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Number of Bedrooms	Tenure			% of Total
	Own	Rent	Total	
<b>Crook County</b>				
None	14	5	19	.6%
One	21	75	96	3.3%
Two	516	148	664	22.5%
Three	1,275	311	1,586	53.8%
Four	341	79	420	14.3%
Five or more	122	39	161	5.5%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,289</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>State of Wyoming</b>				
None	318	1,699	2,017	.9%
One	4,121	13,132	17,253	7.8%
Two	28,396	26,012	54,408	24.6%
Three	71,945	17,775	89,720	40.5%
Four	36,199	4,889	41,088	18.6%
Five or more	14,680	2,313	16,993	7.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>155,659</b>	<b>65,820</b>	<b>221,479</b>	<b>100.0%</b>



The age of a structure influences its value. As shown in Table II.6.16, at right, structures built in 1939 or earlier had a median value of \$152,600, while structures built between 1950 and 1959 had a median value of \$131,400 and those built between 1990 to 1999 had a median value of \$123,700. The newest structures tended to have the highest values and those built between 2000 and 2009 and from 2010 or later had median values of \$248,600 and \$226,400, respectively. The total average median value in Crook County was \$161,200, which compared to \$184,400 in the State of Wyoming.

<b>Table II.6.16</b> <b>Median Value by Year Structure Built</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data		
Year Built	Crook County	State of Wyoming
1939 or earlier	152,600	153,500
1940 to 1949	158,300	136,800
1950 to 1959	131,400	156,600
1960 to 1969	148,800	173,700
1970 to 1979	131,000	181,700
1980 to 1989	172,600	196,100
1990 to 1999	123,700	228,400
2000 to 2009	248,600	248,900
Built 2010 or Later	226,400	221,600
<b>Total</b>	<b>161,200</b>	<b>184,400</b>

Household mortgage status is reported in Table II.6.17, below. In Crook County, households with a mortgage accounted for 42.7 percent of all households or 977 housing units, and the remaining 57.3 percent or 1,312 units had no mortgage. Of those units with a mortgage, 59 had either a second mortgage or home equity loan, 0 had both a second mortgage and home equity loan, and 918 or 94.0 percent had no second mortgage or no home equity loan.

<b>Table II.6.17</b> <b>Mortgage Status</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Mortgage Status	Crook County		State of Wyoming	
	Households	% of Households	Households	% of Households
Housing units with a mortgage, contract to purchase, or similar debt	977	42.7%	94,301	60.6%
With either a second mortgage or home equity loan, but not both	59	6.0%	15,069	16.0%
Second mortgage only	18	30.5%	7,440	49.4%
Home equity loan only	41	69.5%	7,629	50.6%
Both second mortgage and home equity loan	0	.0%	645	.7%
No second mortgage and no home equity loan	918	94.0%	78,587	83.3%
Housing units without a mortgage	1,312	57.3%	61,358	39.4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,289</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>155,659</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

The median rent in Crook County was \$574 as compared to \$618 statewide, as seen in Table II.6.18, below.

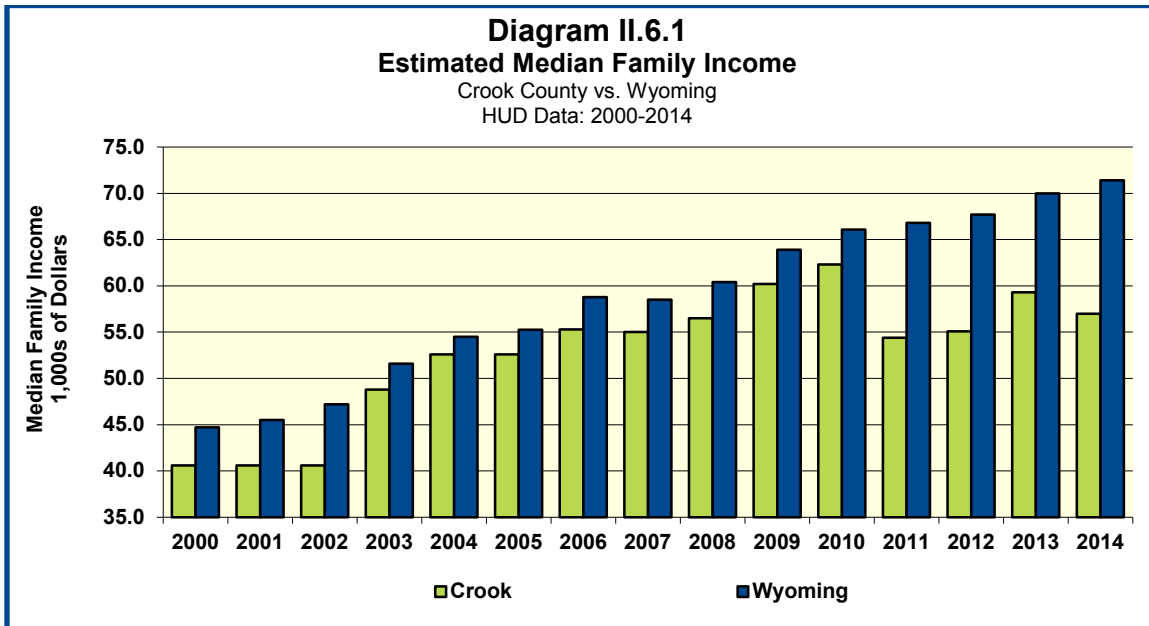
<b>Table II.6.18</b> <b>Median Rent</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data	
Place	Rent
Crook County	\$574
State of Wyoming	\$618

The Wyoming driver’s license data provided by the WYDOT indicated a net increase of 6 persons during 2013. The driver’s license total exchanges since 2000 for Crook County are presented in Table II.6.19, below, and showed a net increase of 819 persons over the time period.

<b>Table II.6.19</b>			
<b>Driver’s Licenses Exchanged and Surrendered</b>			
Crook County vs Wyoming WYDOT Data, 2000–2013			
<b>Year</b>	<b>In-Migrants</b>	<b>Out-Migrants</b>	<b>Net Change</b>
2000	187	167	20
2001	202	146	56
2002	191	131	60
2003	173	141	32
2004	184	157	27
2005	192	151	41
2006	214	156	58
2007	260	130	130
2008	259	126	133
2009	231	148	83
2010	218	106	112
2011	171	142	29
2012	198	166	32
2013	191	185	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,871</b>	<b>2,052</b>	<b>819</b>

**Economics**

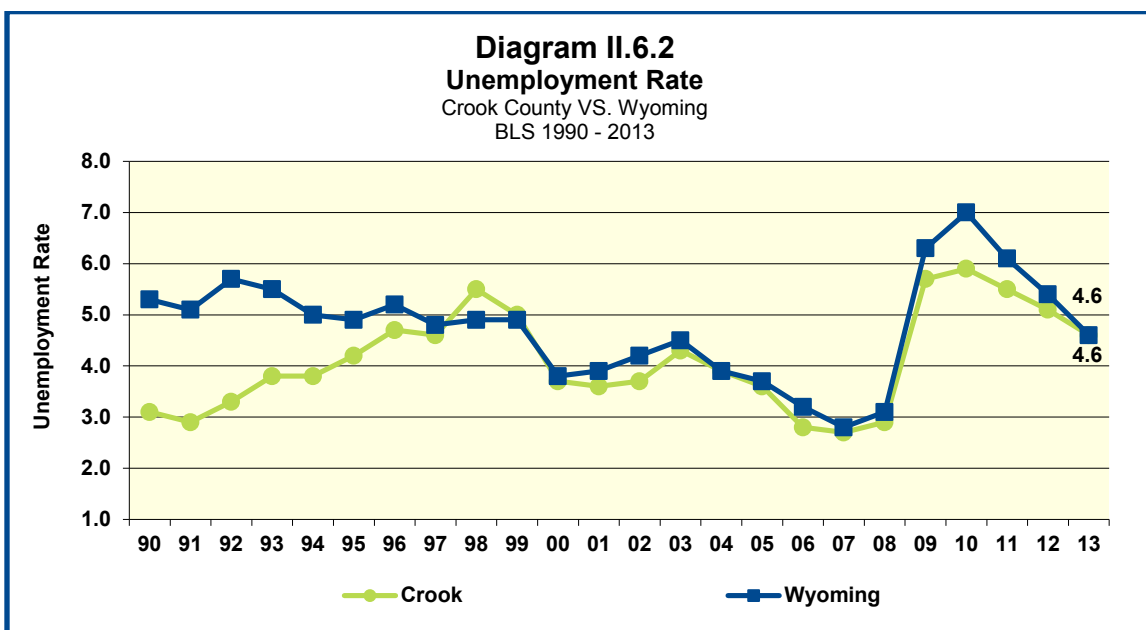
The HUD estimated MFI for Crook County was \$57,000 in 2014.<sup>83</sup> This figure compares to Wyoming’s MFI of \$71,400. Diagram II.6.1, below, illustrates the estimated MFI for 2000 through 2014.



Labor force and employment statistics were derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) data. Crook County’s labor force, defined as the number of persons working or actively seeking work, decreased by 98 persons, from 3,628 in 2012 to 3,530 in 2013. Employment decreased by 73 persons; unemployment decreased by 25 persons; and the unemployment rate, the number of

<sup>83</sup> Starting from the year 2003, HUD MFI estimates were re-benchmarked using 2000 Census income limits, hence the unusual increase in estimates compared to earlier years.

unemployed persons as a percentage of the labor force, decreased from 5.1 percent in 2012 to 4.6 percent in 2013, as shown below in Diagram II.6.2.



The BLS, in conjunction with the State Employment Security Agencies (SESAs), produces the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW), which reports monthly data on employment and quarterly data on wages and number of business establishments. QCEW employment data represent the number of covered workers who worked during or received pay for the pay period. Members of the armed forces, the self-employed, proprietors, domestic workers, and unpaid family workers are not included in QCEW estimates. As shown in Table II.6.20, below, annual total monthly employment decreased by 2.00 percent between 2012 and 2013, from a total of 2,295 to 2,295 workers.

Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013(p)
Jan	1,825	1,837	1,920	2,116	2,208	2,191	2,224	2,174	2,223	2,235	2,245
Feb	1,805	1,839	1,941	2,137	2,229	2,213	2,222	2,189	2,174	2,227	2,223
Mar	1,803	1,856	1,960	2,177	2,261	2,234	2,186	2,204	2,197	2,257	2,228
Apr	1,914	1,977	2,062	2,232	2,296	2,329	2,215	2,259	2,250	2,304	2,260
May	2,045	2,067	2,185	2,311	2,390	2,412	2,347	2,441	2,386	2,413	2,358
Jun	2,183	2,230	2,284	2,532	2,539	2,546	2,512	2,600	2,496	2,552	2,465
Jul	2,004	2,281	2,302	2,342	2,388	2,394	2,407	2,434	2,359	2,371	2,311
Aug	2,075	2,289	2,318	2,298	2,367	2,362	2,371	2,398	2,334	2,370	2,287
Sep	2,046	2,144	2,203	2,348	2,357	2,458	2,417	2,317	2,416	2,387	2,353
Oct	2,025	2,092	2,171	2,391	2,381	2,376	2,331	2,376	2,340	2,391	2,309
Nov	1,988	2,068	2,138	2,308	2,358	2,346	2,320	2,329	2,320	2,340	2,257
Dec	1,957	2,078	2,138	2,275	2,274	2,317	2,252	2,303	2,298	2,305	2,295
<b>Annual</b>	<b>1,973</b>	<b>2,063</b>	<b>2,135</b>	<b>2,289</b>	<b>2,337</b>	<b>2,348</b>	<b>2,317</b>	<b>2,335</b>	<b>2,316</b>	<b>2,346</b>	<b>2,299</b>
% Change	0.97	4.56	3.49	7.21	2.10	0.47	-1.32	0.78	-0.81	1.30	-2.00

The QCEW also reports average weekly wages, which represents total compensation paid during the calendar quarter, regardless of when services were performed. As shown in Table II.6.21, on the following page, annual average weekly wages increased by 4.34 percent between 2012 and 2013, from \$691 to \$721.

<b>Table II.6.21</b> <b>Average Weekly Wages</b> Crook County BLS QCEW Data, 2001–2013(p)						
Year	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Annual	% Change
2001	446	454	462	495	464	.
2002	480	475	475	505	484	4.31
2003	490	483	478	507	490	1.24
2004	491	502	499	553	511	4.29
2005	519	536	526	600	546	6.85
2006	546	574	563	636	580	6.23
2007	586	616	610	663	619	6.72
2008	603	640	625	703	643	3.88
2009	619	652	605	699	644	0.16
2010	609	665	642	714	658	2.17
2011	642	682	675	688	672	2.13
2012	671	681	686	725	691	2.83
2013(p)	704	696	733	749	721	4.34

Total business establishments reported by the QCEW are displayed below in Table II.6.22. Annual establishments increased by 2.36 percent between 2012 and 2013, from a total of 296 to 303 establishments.

<b>Table II.6.22</b> <b>Number of Establishments</b> Crook County BLS QCEW Data, 2001–2013(p)						
Year	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Annual	% Change
2001	232	243	244	244	241	.
2002	238	245	249	249	245	1.66
2003	248	248	247	247	248	1.22
2004	253	255	254	260	256	3.23
2005	263	272	269	264	267	4.30
2006	270	279	285	289	281	5.24
2007	292	296	293	290	293	4.27
2008	286	290	295	296	292	-0.34
2009	297	296	299	289	295	1.03
2010	290	293	293	293	292	-1.02
2011	296	306	305	303	303	3.77
2012	298	298	295	294	296	-2.31
2013(p)	298	305	301	307	303	2.36

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) measures employment, defined as the total number of full- and part-time jobs by place of work. In 2012, the most recent year for which data are available, Crook County recorded 4,424 jobs. Total real personal income, comprising all wage and salary earnings, proprietorship income, dividends, interest, rents, and transfer payments, adjusted for place of residence, was \$349,310,000, and real per capita income was \$48,820 in 2012. The average earnings per job in the county was \$33,568 in 2012. These data are presented in full in **Volume II. Technical Appendix.**

### Housing

According to the Wyoming Cost of Living Index, average apartment rent in Crook County increased from \$503 in fourth quarter 2012 to \$533 in fourth quarter 2013, or by 6.0 percent. Single-family homes increased by 0.5 percent over the same period.

Crook County rental prices experienced average annualized increases of 2.8 percent for apartments. These figures compare to state average annualized increases in rental prices of 3.2 percent for apartments, 3.8 percent for houses, 3.5 percent for mobile homes plus a lot and 3.0 percent for mobile homes. Table II.6.23, at right, presents the Crook County data for each rental type.<sup>84</sup>

The Census Bureau reports building permit authorizations and “per unit” valuation of building permits by county annually. Single-family construction usually represents most residential development in the county. Single-family building permit authorizations in Crook County increased from four to 10 authorized units between 2010 and 2011.

The real value of single-family building permits increased from \$119,617 in 2012 to \$232,600 in 2013. The value over the past decade, in real 2013 dollars, fluctuated from a high of \$232,600 in 2013 to a low of \$120,703 in 2002. These figures compare to the state average high of \$289,650 in 2000 and low of \$187,810 in 2003. Additional details of permit activity and per unit valuations are given in Table II.6.24, on the following page.

Table II.6.23 Semiannual Average Monthly Rental Prices Crook County EAD Data, Fourth Quarter 1986–Fourth Quarter 2013				
Quarter Year	Apartments	Mobile Home Lot	House	Mobile Home
Q4.86	.	.	.	.
Q2.87	.	.	.	.
Q4.87	.	.	.	.
Q2.88	.	.	.	.
Q4.88	.	.	.	.
Q2.89	.	.	.	.
Q4.89	.	.	.	.
Q2.90	.	.	.	.
Q4.90	.	.	.	.
Q2.91	.	.	.	.
Q4.91	.	.	.	.
Q2.92	.	.	.	.
Q4.92	.	.	.	.
Q2.93	.	.	.	.
Q4.93	.	.	.	.
Q2.94	.	.	.	.
Q4.94	.	.	.	.
Q2.95	.	.	.	.
Q4.95	.	.	.	.
Q2.96	.	.	.	.
Q4.96	.	.	.	.
Q2.97	.	.	.	.
Q4.97	.	.	.	.
Q2.98	345	105	.	.
Q4.98	311	95	.	.
Q2.99	322	105	.	.
Q4.99	306	102	.	.
Q2.00	319	105	.	.
Q4.00	306	100	.	.
Q2.01	338	133	.	.
Q4.01	312	100	.	.
Q2.02	385	115	.	.
Q4.02	336	115	.	.
Q2.03	333	115	.	.
Q4.03	345	120	.	.
Q2.04	341	98	.	.
Q4.04	333	118	.	.
Q2.05	378	115	402	298
Q4.05	360	125	.	.
Q2.06	376	100	.	.
Q4.06	391	125	.	.
Q2.07	367	142	510	.
Q4.07	412	102	465	.
Q2.08	426	158	465	.
Q4.08	429	125	473	.
Q2.09	439	115	475	.
Q4.09	459	125	475	.
Q2.10	450	133	465	.
Q4.10	455	149	470	.
Q2.11	479	125	489	.
Q4.11	491	144	515	.
Q2.12	488	.	589	.
Q4.12	503	130	593	.
Q2.13	533	.	573	.
Q4.13	533	.	596	.

<sup>84</sup> Apartments are two-bedroom units, excluding gas and electricity. Mobile home lots are single-wide units and include water costs. Houses are for two- or three-bedroom dwelling units, excluding gas and electricity. A mobile home on a lot includes a combined rent for mobile home and lot.

<b>Table II.6.24</b> <b>Building Permits and Valuation</b> Crook County Census Bureau Data, 1980–2013									
Year	Authorized Construction in Permit Issuing Areas					WCDA		Per Unit Valuation: 1'000s of Real 2013 Dollars	
	Single-Family Units	Duplex Units	Tri- and Four-Plex Units	Multi-Family Units	Total Units	Tax Credit Projects	HOME Projects	Single Family Units	Multi-Family Units
1980	5	6	.	.	11	.	.	166.2	.
1981	2	2	8	.	12	.	.	111.9	.
1982	9	.	.	.	9	.	.	99.5	.
1983	5	.	.	.	5	.	.	115.1	.
1984	9	.	.	.	9	.	.	61.6	.
1985	12	.	.	.	12	.	.	50.0	.
1986	3	.	.	.	3	.	.	111.2	.
1987	3	.	.	.	3	.	.	73.5	.
1988	13	.	.	.	13	.	.	67.2	.
1989	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	99.2	.
1990	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	71.7	.
1991	3	.	.	.	3	.	.	68.7	.
1992	4	.	.	.	4	.	.	73.2	.
1993	9	.	.	.	9	.	.	85.8	.
1994	10	.	4	.	14	.	.	70.7	.
1995	11	.	.	.	11	.	.	121.8	.
1996	5	.	.	.	5	.	.	116.6	.
1997	7	.	.	.	7	.	17	159.1	.
1998	10	.	.	.	10	.	.	122.3	.
1999	10	.	.	.	10	.	.	163.7	.
2000	7	.	.	.	7	.	.	123.4	.
2001	13	.	.	15	28	.	.	122.9	48.3
2002	30	.	.	.	30	.	.	120.7	.
2003	35	.	.	.	35	.	.	130.7	.
2004	24	.	.	.	24	.	.	127.4	.
2005	21	.	.	.	21	.	.	188.6	.
2006	33	.	.	.	33	.	.	212.7	.
2007	27	.	.	.	27	.	.	160.6	.
2008	10	.	.	.	10	.	.	223.6	.
2009	10	.	4	.	14	.	.	187.7	.
2010	4	.	.	.	4	.	.	223.8	.
2011	14	.	.	.	14	.	.	125.4	.
2012	7	.	.	.	7	.	.	119.6	.
2013	5	.	.	.	5	.	.	232.6	.

The average sales price of existing, detached, single-family homes was provided by the Department of Revenue (DOR). In 2013, the average sales price in Crook County was \$185,488. This represented an increase of 5.6 percent from the previous year. In contrast, Wyoming’s average was \$281,345 or an increase of 5.6 percent over the previous year. A comparison of average sales prices between 1999 and 2013 is displayed in Table II.6.25, on the following page.

<b>Table II.6.25</b> <b>Average Sales Prices</b> Crook County vs. Wyoming DOR Data, 1999–2013				
Year	Crook County Average Price (\$)	Crook County Annual % Change	Wyoming Average Price	Wyoming Annual % Change
2000	76,326	.	131,207	.
2001	85,190	11.61	128,771	-1.86
2002	92,382	8.44	138,295	7.40
2003	109,050	18.04	148,276	7.22
2004	109,050	0.00	159,558	7.61
2005	138,128	26.66	178,183	11.67
2006	138,568	0.32	219,438	23.15
2007	166,892	20.44	265,044	20.78
2008	170,602	2.2	256,045	-3.40
2009	224,241	31.4	241,622	-5.63
2010	140,858	-37.18	250,958	3.86
2011	156,775	11.3	241,301	-3.85
2012	169,922	8.4	266,406	10.40
2013	185,488	9.2	281,345	5.6

The Wyoming Rental Vacancy Survey (RVS) has been completed biannually since 2000, with the most recent survey conducted in June 2014.<sup>85</sup> During June 2014, a total of 29 surveys were completed in Crook County. Of the 151 rental units surveyed, 7 were vacant, representing an 4.6 percent vacancy rate, as shown in Table II.6.26, below. This compares to a 7.8 percent vacancy rate one year ago and a June 2014 statewide vacancy rate of 3.8 percent.

<b>Table II.6.26</b> <b>Total Units, Vacant Units, and Vacancy Rate</b> Crook County RVS Data, June 2001 – June 2014				
Year	Sample	Total Units	Vacant Units	Vacancy Rate
2001a	7	50	4	8.0%
2001b	5	38	3	7.9%
2002a	4	27	1	3.7%
2002b	7	58	10	17.2%
2003a	5	34	2	5.9%
2003b	4	33	1	3.0%
2004a	9	63	2	3.2%
2004b	7	48	5	10.4%
2005a	9	88	7	8.0%
2005b	10	81	10	12.4%
2006a	8	65	3	4.6%
2006b	13	100	1	1.0%
2007a	9	66	0	0.0%
2007b	9	75	6	8.0%
2008a	10	64	5	7.8%
2008b	9	73	2	2.7%
2009a	12	81	2	2.5%
2009b	9	53	3	5.7%
2010a	15	97	10	10.3%
2010b	16	88	2	2.3%
2011a	21	99	6	6.1%
2011b	24	103	9	8.7%
2012a	29	116	6	5.2%
2012b	37	193	21	10.9%
2013a	27	167	13	7.8%
2013b	28	131	11	8.4%
2014a	29	151	7	4.6%

<sup>85</sup> Those signified as a in the “year” column of Table II.6.10 are conducted in June/July of each year. Those signified as b are conducted each November/December. Conducting the surveys in June and December of each year allows one to view the prospective seasonality of vacancy rates as well as year-to-year changes.

Diagram II.6.3, below, shows the historical vacancy rate for Crook County and Wyoming. As can be seen, the vacancy rate in Crook County has been similar to the statewide vacancy rate, trending roughly the same, but with higher volatility over the fourteen year period.

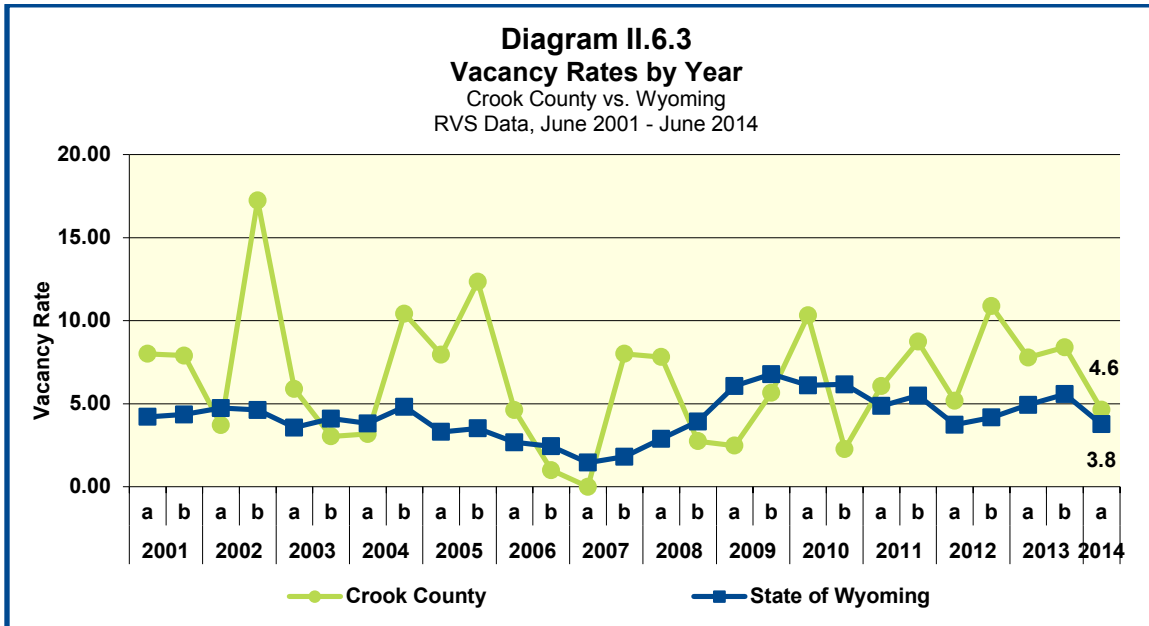


Diagram II.6.4, below, shows the average rent of single-family and apartment units in Crook County. In the first half of 2014, average rents for single-family units fell to \$781 and average rents for apartments fell to \$543.

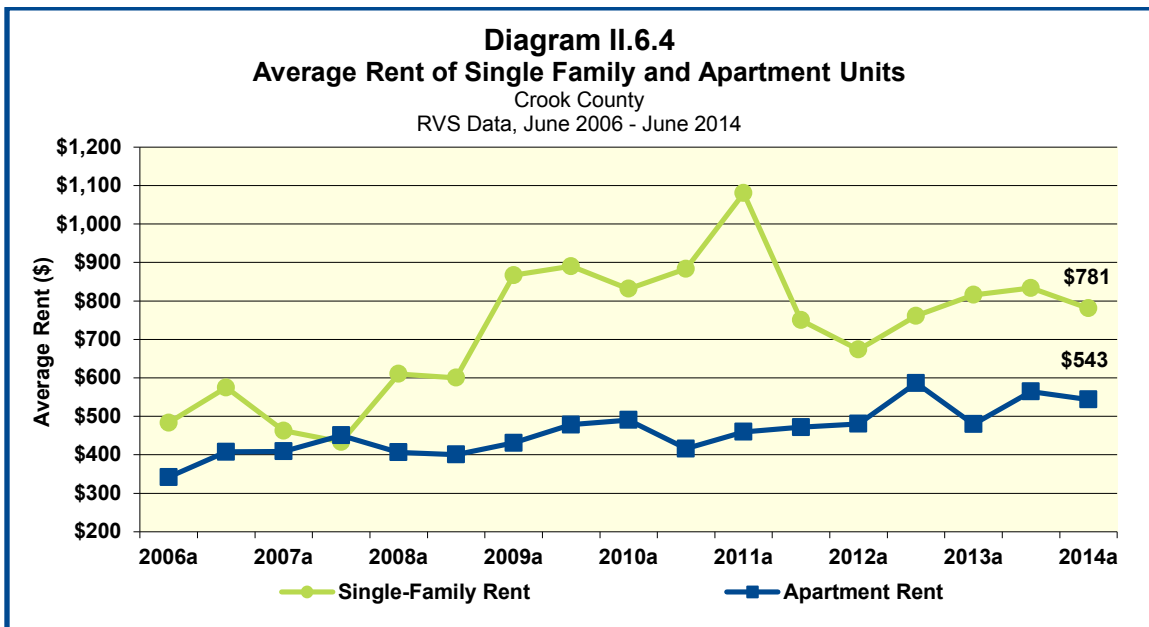




Table II.6.27, below shows the amount of total and vacant units by unit type, with their associated vacancy rates. At the time of the survey, there were an estimated 24 single family units in Crook County, with 2 of them available. This translates into a vacancy rate of 8.3 percent in Crook County, which compares to a single family vacancy rate of 4.0 percent for the State of Wyoming. There were 68 apartment units reported in the survey, with 4 of them available, which resulted in a vacancy rate of 5.9 percent. This compares to a statewide vacancy rate of 3.0 percent for apartment units across the state.

<b>Table II.6.27</b>			
<b>Rental Vacancy Survey by Type</b>			
Crook County			
RVS Data, June 2014			
<b>Place</b>	<b>Total Units</b>	<b>Vacant Units</b>	<b>Vacancy Rate</b>
Single Family	24	2	8.3%
Duplex units	0	0	%
Apartments	68	4	5.9%
Mobile Homes	30	1	3.3%
“Other” Units	2	0	.0%
Don’t Know	27	0	.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4.6%</b>

Table II.6.28, below reports units by bedroom size. Three bedroom units were the most common type of reported single family unit, with 7 units. The most common apartment units were one bedroom units, with 32 units. Additional details of unit types by bedrooms are reported below.

<b>Table II.6.28</b>							
<b>Rental Units by Bedroom Size</b>							
Crook County							
RVS Data, June 2014							
<b>Number of Bedrooms</b>	<b>Single Family Units</b>	<b>Duplex Units</b>	<b>Apartment Units</b>	<b>Mobile Homes</b>	<b>“Other” Units</b>	<b>Don’t Know</b>	<b>Total</b>
Efficiency	0	0	5	0	0	.	5
One	3	0	32	0	0	.	35
Two	7	0	27	4	0	.	38
Three	7	0	4	11	2	.	24
Four	5	0	0	0	0	.	5
Five	1	0	0	0	0	.	1
Don’t Know	1	0	0	15	0	27	43
<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>151</b>

Average market-rate rents by unit type are shown in Table II.6.29, on the following page. Not all respondents were able to disclose the rental amounts for their units, so there may be some statistical aberrations in the computed rental rates, but generally those units with more bedrooms had higher rents. Single family units also normally command higher rents than apartment units.

<b>Table II.6.29</b>						
<b>Average Market Rate Rents by Bedroom Size</b>						
Crook County						
RVS Data, June 2014						
<b>Number of Bedrooms</b>	<b>Single Family Units</b>	<b>Duplex Units</b>	<b>Apartment Units</b>	<b>Mobile Homes</b>	<b>“Other” Units</b>	<b>Total</b>
Efficiency	\$	\$	\$400	\$	\$	\$400
One	\$450	\$	\$458	\$	\$	\$455
Two	\$660	\$	\$580	\$688	\$	\$631
Three	\$683	\$	\$650	\$825	\$800	\$747
Four	\$1,083	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$1,083
Five	\$700	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$700
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$781</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$543</b>	<b>\$792</b>	<b>\$800</b>	<b>\$693</b>

Table II.6.30, below shows the average rental rates for assisted units by bedroom size and unit type. Again, those units with larger bedrooms generally commanded higher rents, with single family units costing more than apartment units.

<b>Table II.6.30</b>						
<b>Average Assisted Rate Rents by Bedroom Size</b>						
Crook County						
RVS Data, June 2014						
<b>Number of Bedrooms</b>	<b>Single Family Units</b>	<b>Duplex Units</b>	<b>Apartment Units</b>	<b>Mobile Homes</b>	<b>“Other” Units</b>	<b>Total</b>
Efficiency	.	.	\$	.	.	\$
One	.	.	\$300	.	.	\$300
Two	.	.	\$340	.	.	\$340
Three	.	.	\$429	.	.	\$429
Four	.	.	\$	.	.	\$
Five	.	.	\$	.	.	\$
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$356</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$356</b>

Table II.6.31, below, shows vacancy rates for single family units by average rental rates for Crook County. Single family units with the lowest vacancy rate had an average rent of less than 500 dollars, indicating there may be more of a demand for units within this rental range.

<b>Table II.6.31</b>			
<b>Single Family Market Rate Rents by Vacancy Status</b>			
Crook County			
RVS Data, June 2014			
<b>Average Rents</b>	<b>Single Family Units</b>	<b>Available Single Family Units</b>	<b>Vacancy Rate</b>
Less Than \$500	9	0	.0%
\$500 to \$1,000	8	1	12.5%
\$1,000 to \$1,500	4	1	25.0%
Above \$1,500			%
Missing	3	0	.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8.3%</b>

The availability of apartment units by average rent is displayed in Table II.6.32, below. The lowest vacancy rate was seen in apartment units renting for 500 to 1,000 dollars, with a vacancy rate of 0.0 percent.

<b>Table II.6.32</b> <b>Apartment Market Rate Rents by Vacancy Status</b> Crook County RVS Data, June 2014			
Average Rents	Apartment Units	Available Apartment Units	Vacancy Rate
Less Than \$500	28	2	7.1%
\$500 to \$1,000	11	0	.0%
\$1,000 to \$1,500			%
Above \$1,500			%
Missing	29	2	6.90%
<b>Total</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5.9%</b>

Table II.6.33, below, shows the availability of mobile home units by rental rates. The lowest vacancy rate was seen in mobile home units renting for 500 to 1,000, with a vacancy rate of 7.1 percent.

<b>Table II.6.33</b> <b>Mobile Home Market Rate Rents by Vacancy Status</b> Crook County RVS Data, June 2014			
Average Rents	Mobile Home Units	Available Mobile Home Units	Vacancy Rate
Less Than \$500			%
\$500 to \$1,000	14	1	7.1%
\$1,000 to \$1,500			%
Above \$1,500			%
Missing	16	0	.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3.3%</b>

Table II.6.34, below, shows the condition of rental units by unit type for Crook County. Respondents could rate their units from poor to excellent, however many respondents did not know, or did not wish to comment on the condition of their units. As reported below, most single family units were in good condition, with most apartments being in good condition. Details by unit type and condition are displayed below.

<b>Table II.6.34</b> <b>Condition by Unit Type</b> Crook County RVS Data, June 2014							
Conditions	Single Family Units	Duplex Units	Apartment Units	Mobile Homes	“Other” Units	Don’t Know	Total
Poor	0	0	0	1	0	.	1
Fair						.	
Average	8	0	0	6	0	.	14
Good	9	0	57	14	2	.	82
Excellent	6	0	11	0	0	.	17
Don’t Know	1	0	0	9	0	27	37
<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>151</b>

The availability of single family units based on their condition is displayed in Table II.6.35, below. As can be seen the single family units with the lowest vacancy rates were in excellent condition, with a vacancy rate of 0.0 percent.

<b>Table II.6.35</b>			
<b>Condition of Single Family Units by Vacancy Status</b>			
Crook County			
RVS Data, June 2014			
<b>Condition</b>	<b>Single Family Units</b>	<b>Available Single Family Units</b>	<b>Vacancy Rate</b>
Poor	0	0	%
Fair			%
Average	8	0	.0%
Good	9	1	11.1%
Excellent	6	0	.0%
Don't Know	1	1	100.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8.3%</b>

Table II.6.36, below, shows the availability of apartment units based on their condition. As can be seen the apartment units with the lowest vacancy rates were in good condition, and had a vacancy rate of 3.5 percent.

<b>Table II.6.36</b>			
<b>Condition of Apartment Units by Vacancy Status</b>			
Crook County			
RVS Data, June 2014			
<b>Condition</b>	<b>Apartment Units</b>	<b>Available Apartment Units</b>	<b>Vacancy Rate</b>
Poor	0	0	%
Fair			%
Average	0	0	%
Good	57	2	3.5%
Excellent	11	2	18.2%
Don't Know	0	0	%
<b>Total</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5.9%</b>

Table II.6.37, below, shows the availability of mobile homes units based on their condition. As can be seen the mobile home units with the lowest vacancy rates were in good quality, with a vacancy rate of 0.0 percent.

<b>Table II.6.37</b>			
<b>Condition of Mobile Home Units by Vacancy Status</b>			
Crook County			
RVS Data, June 2014			
<b>Condition</b>	<b>Mobile Home Units</b>	<b>Available Mobile Home Units</b>	<b>Vacancy Rate</b>
Poor	1	0	.0
Fair			%
Average	6	0	.0%
Good	14	1	7.1%
Excellent	0	0	%
Don't Know	9	0	.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3.3%</b>

Respondents were also asked if they would like to own or manage additional units and if so, which type of units would they prefer. As can be seen in Table II.6.38, below, respondents in Crook County said they would prefer 7 more single family units, more apartment units, and 2 units of all types. In total respondents indicated they wished to own or manage an additional 27 units.

<b>Table II.6.38</b> <b>If you had the opportunity to own/manage more units, how many would you prefer</b> Crook County RVS Data, June 2014	
<b>Unit Type</b>	<b>More Units</b>
Single family units	7
Duplex Units	
Apartments	
Mobile homes	18
Other	
Don't Know	
All types	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>

Table II.6.39, on the following page, shows the most common answers from the 2014 fiscal year Housing Needs Assessment (HNA) Survey. This survey focused on new Wyoming residents and was conducted over the phone using a sample from data provided by the WYDOT. Crook County had a total of 23 respondents, with an average persons per household of 2.1 people. Of new residents to Crook County, 60.9 percent were married and the most common age group arriving in the state was 45 to 54 years old. Most new residents moved for reasons other than those given in the survey.

The HNA survey, also asked residents about their current residence. New residents most commonly reported living in a single family home, with 47.8 percent of respondents renting their residence. The average mortgage payment in Crook County was \$600 and the average rent was \$577. When asked if they were satisfied with their current housing, 82.6 percent said they were satisfied with thier current housing.

<b>Table II.6.39</b> <b>Most Replied Response</b> Crook County HNA Survey: Fiscal Year 2014	
Question	Most Replied Answer (%)
<b>Demographics</b>	
Total Number of Respondents	23
Number of persons in household (Average)	2.1
Current age	45 to 54 years old (30.4%)
Marital status	Married (60.9%)
Primary reason for moving to Wyoming	Other reason (39.1%)
In which industry are you primarily employed	Retired (31.8%)
Highest education level completed	Some College (30.4%)
Total household income from all sources	\$40,000 to \$49,999 dollars (20.0%)
<b>Current Housing Characteristics</b>	
Current Residence	Single family home (52.2%)
Do you own or rent	Rent (47.8%)
How many bedrooms (Average)	2.6
How many full bathrooms (Average)	1.6
Average mortgage payment	\$600
Average rental payment	\$577
Are you satisfied with your current housing	Satisfied with current housing (82.6%)
<b>Housing Demand (If unsatisfied with current housing)</b>	
Reason you are unsatisfied	Other (50.0%)
Are you seeking to change your housing situation	Not seeking different housing (57.1%)
What type of unit are you seeking	Single family home (66.7%)
Type of tenure seeking	Seeking to buy (100.0%)
If own, do you plan on building or buying	Build a new unit (100.0%)
Expected buying price	\$50,000 to \$99,999 dollars (33.3%)
Expected building price	.
Expected rental price	.

For residents who are unsatisfied with their current housing, 50.0 percent were unsatisfied because of some other reason not listed in the survey. When asked what type of unit they were seeking, the most common response, 66.7 percent, indicated they were seeking a single family home. When asked if they preferred to own or rent, 100.0 percent wanted to buy and 0.0 wanted to rent their next residence. Most residents wishing to buy a house anticipated spending \$50,000 to \$99,999 dollars if they were buying an existing unit. Additional survey data are presented in **Volume II Technical Appendix**<sup>86</sup>.

### Housing Problems

While the ACS data do not report significant details regarding the physical condition of housing units, some information can be derived from data relating to overcrowding, incomplete plumbing or kitchen facilities, and cost burdens.

Overcrowding is defined as having from 1.1 to 1.5 people per room per residence, with severe overcrowding defined as having more than 1.5 people per room. According to 2012 5-year ACS data, 35 or 1.2 percent of households in Crook County were overcrowded and another 2 or 0.1 percent of units were severely overcrowded, as shown in Table II.6.40, on the following page. This housing problem was far more prevalent in renter households as compared to owner households.

<sup>86</sup> Percentages presented here may vary slightly from those in the technical appendix. This is because the percentages here are calculated with the missing responses excluded, where the percentages calculated in the technical appendix include all responses, even if they are missing.

<b>Table II.6.40</b>				
<b>Overcrowding and Severe Overcrowding</b>				
Crook County				
2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data				
Household	No Overcrowding	Overcrowding	Severe Overcrowding	Total
<b>Crook County</b>				
<b>Owner</b>				
Households	2,284	3	2	2,289
Percentage	99.8%	.1%	.1%	100.0%
<b>Renter</b>				
Households	625	32	0	657
Percentage	95.1%	4.9%	.0%	100.0%
<b>Total</b>				
Households	2,909	35	2	2,946
Percentage	98.7%	1.2%	.1%	100.0%
<b>State of Wyoming</b>				
<b>Owner</b>				
Households	153,576	1,642	441	155,659
Percentage	98.7%	1.1%	.3%	100.0%
<b>Renter</b>				
Households	63,203	2,045	572	65,820
Percentage	96.0%	3.1%	.9%	100.0%
<b>Total</b>				
Households	216,779	3,687	1,013	221,479
Percentage	97.9%	1.7%	.5%	100.0%

Incomplete plumbing and kitchen facilities are another indicator of potential housing problems. According to the Census Bureau, a housing unit is classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the following are not present: piped hot and cold water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. Likewise, a unit is categorized as deficient when any of the following are missing from the kitchen: a sink with piped hot and cold water, a range or cook top and oven, and a refrigerator.

At the time of the 2012 5-year ACS, a total of 106 units or 3.0 percent of all housing units in Crook County were lacking complete kitchen facilities. This compared to 2.9 percent of households statewide without complete kitchen facilities. These data are presented in Table II.6.41, at right.

<b>Table II.6.41</b>		
<b>Housing Units with Incomplete Kitchen Facilities</b>		
Crook County		
2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data		
Facilities	Crook County	State of Wyoming
Complete Kitchen Facilities	3,468	253,942
Lacking Complete Kitchen Facilities	106	7,488
<b>Total Housing Units</b>	<b>3,574</b>	<b>261,430</b>
Percent Lacking	3.0%	2.9%

At the time of the 2012 ACS, a total of 97 units or 2.7 percent of all housing units in Crook County were lacking complete plumbing facilities. This compared to 2.3 percent of households lacking complete plumbing facilities in the State of Wyoming. These data are presented in Table II.6.42, on the following page.

<b>Table II.6.42</b> <b>Housing Units with Incomplete Plumbing Facilities</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data		
<b>Facilities</b>	<b>Crook County</b>	<b>State of Wyoming</b>
Complete Plumbing Facilities	3,477	255,465
Lacking Complete Plumbing Facilities	97	5,965
<b>Total Households</b>	<b>3,574</b>	<b>261,430</b>
Percent Lacking	2.7%	2.3%

The third type of housing problem reported in the 2012 ACS data is cost burden. Cost burden is defined as gross housing costs that range from 30.0 to 50.0 percent of gross household income; severe cost burden is defined as gross housing costs that exceed 50.0 percent of gross household income. For homeowners, gross housing costs include property taxes, insurance, energy payments, water and sewer service, and refuse collection. If the homeowner has a mortgage, the determination also includes principal and interest payments on the mortgage loan. For renters, this figure represents monthly rent and selected electricity and natural gas energy charges.

In Crook County, 9.3 percent of households had a cost burden and 7.3 percent of households had a severe cost burden, which compared to 14.4 percent with a cost burden and 9.9 percent with a severe cost burden in the State of Wyoming. Roughly 9.5 percent of homeowners with a mortgage in Crook County experienced a cost burden and 11.1 percent experienced a severe cost burden, while 15.1 percent of renters had a cost burden and 8.4 percent had a severe cost burden, as seen in Table II.6.43, on the following page.



<b>Table II.6.43</b> <b>Cost Burden and Severe Cost Burden by Tenure</b> Crook County 2008-2012 5-Year ACS Data					
Households	Less Than 30.0%	31% - 50%	Above 50%	Not Computed	Total
<b>Crook County</b>					
<b>Owner With a Mortgage</b>					
Households	776	93	108	0	977
Percent	79.4%	9.5%	11.1%	.0%	100.0%
<b>Owner Without a Mortgage</b>					
Households	1,166	82	52	12	1,312
Percent	88.9%	6.3%	4.0%	.9%	100.0%
<b>Renter</b>					
Households	336	99	55	167	657
Percent	51.1%	15.1%	8.4%	25.4%	100.0%
<b>Total</b>					
Households	2,278	274	215	179	2,946
Percent	77.3%	9.3%	7.3%	6.1%	100.0%
<b>State of Wyoming</b>					
<b>Owner With a Mortgage</b>					
Households	69,166	16,223	8,723	189	94,301
Percent	73.3%	17.2%	9.3%	.2%	100.0%
<b>Owner Without a Mortgage</b>					
Households	55,107	3,594	2,253	404	61,358
Percent	89.8%	5.9%	3.7%	.7%	100.0%
<b>Renter</b>					
Households	35,072	12,067	11,011	7,670	65,820
Percent	53.3%	18.3%	16.7%	11.7%	100.0%
<b>Total</b>					
Households	159,345	31,884	21,987	8,263	221,479
Percent	71.9%	14.4%	9.9%	3.7%	100.0%

**2014 WCDA Loan Profile**

The Wyoming Community Development Authority (WCDA) began purchasing home loans in 1978 to provide affordable housing in Wyoming. There were a total of 299 loans purchased in Crook County between 1979 and 2014, with 5 occurring in fiscal 2014. The average home size over the period was 1,310 square feet and 1,546 square feet in fiscal 2014. For homes receiving a WCDA loan in fiscal 2014, the average year a home was built was 1982. The average household income in fiscal 2014 in nominal terms, without the effects of inflation being taken into consideration, was \$51,340. The average purchase price in fiscal 2014 was \$142,780. In fiscal 2014, 20.0 percent of loans purchased were for new construction, and 40.0 percent had female heads of household. Fiscal year data for the entire operating history of the WCDA can be found in **Volume II. Technical Appendix.**

