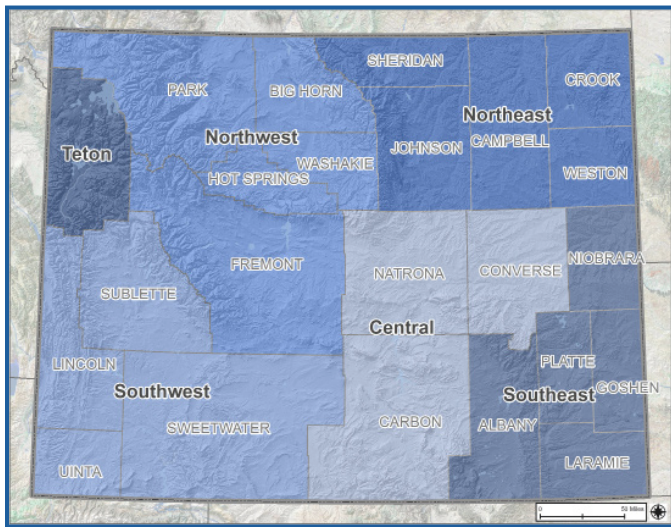


Summary of the Southwest Region

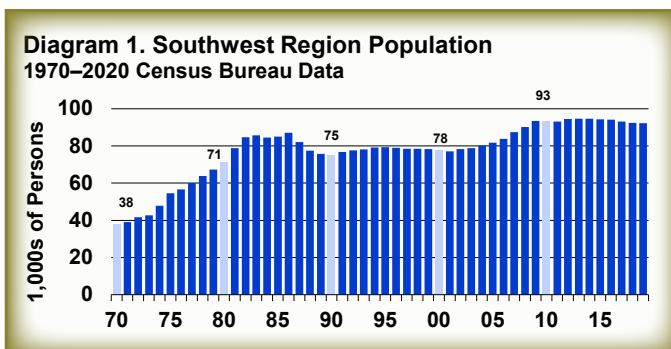
2021 WYOMING PROFILE of Demographics, Economics, and Housing Ending June 30, 2021

The **Wyoming Profile**, sponsored by the Wyoming Housing Database Partnership, is undertaken semi-annually to provide current, quality information about factors influencing the development, production, use, rehabilitation, demand, and need for **housing and related services** in Wyoming's communities. **This regional summary**, focusing on the Southwest Region, is one of six publications that inspect a group of counties in the state, as shown in the map presented below. The **Southwest Region** is comprised of Lincoln, Sweetwater, Sublette, and Uinta counties.



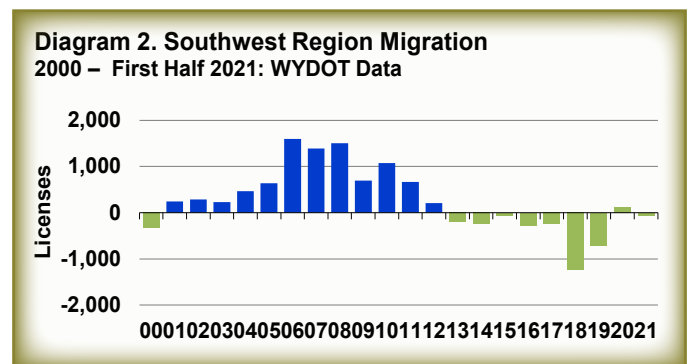
Demographics

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, between 2000 and 2010, the Southwest Region's population rose from 77,848 to 93,277 or by 19.8 percent. Recent Census Bureau counts place the population in the Southwest Region at 92,997 as of July 1, 2020, which indicates a growth rate of -0.3 percent since the 2010 Census. The growth in population can be attributed to the natural increase of the overall population, the net of births minus deaths, as well as the net migration. Population changes are shown in Diagram 1.



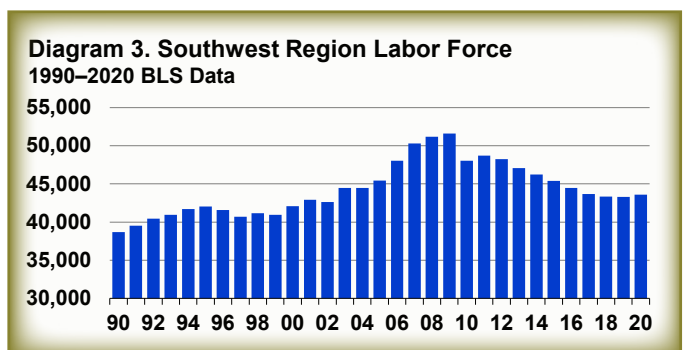
The Wyoming Housing Database Partnership utilizes quarterly data from the Wyoming Department of Transportation (DOT) regarding driver's licenses of new

or departing residents to track changes in population. While the net of surrendered and exchanged driver's licenses was low at 233 in 2003, there were substantial increases in the following years, with net in-migrants at 1,075 persons in 2010. However, population growth then slowed somewhat, with figures showing a net decrease of 54 persons in the first half of 2021, as shown in Diagram 2.

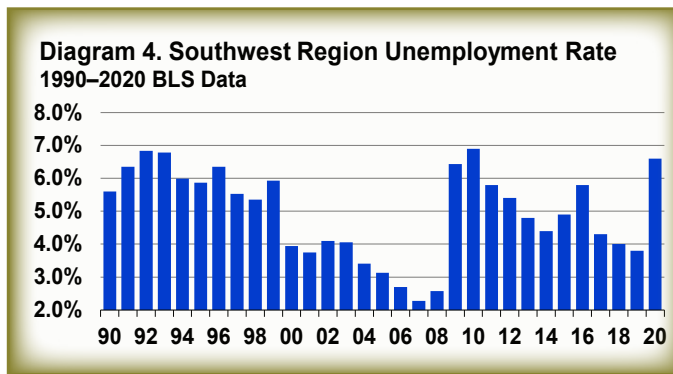


Economics

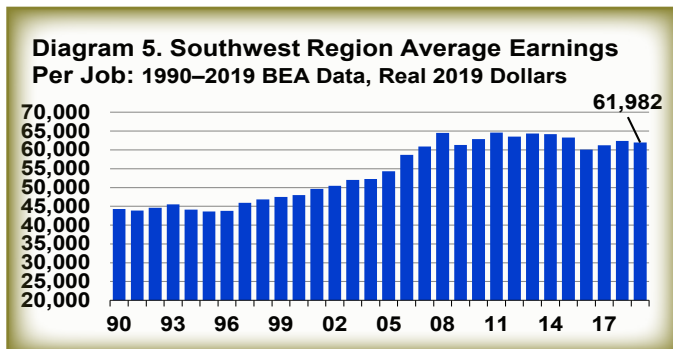
Economic growth in the region can be evaluated through labor force statistics data, which represent those persons working or seeking work as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). In the Southwest Region, the labor force expanded steadily from 2010 to 2020, decreasing at an average annual rate of 9.3 percent per year, as shown in Diagram 3. Between 2019 and 2020, the labor force decreased by 0.6 percent to 43,584 persons. The number of persons working fell to 40,710 in 2020.

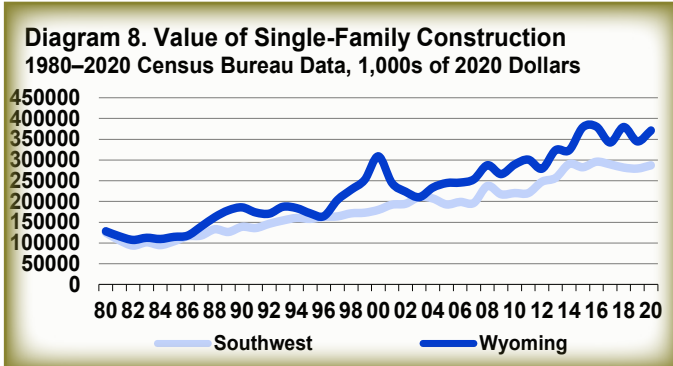


The national recession contributed to a rapid rise in unemployment between 2008 and 2010. Still, unemployment rates changed from a high of 6.9 percent in 1993 to a low of 2.3 percent in 2007. These rates rose sharply to 6.9 percent in 2010 and fell to 3.8 percent in 2020, as noted in Diagram 4.

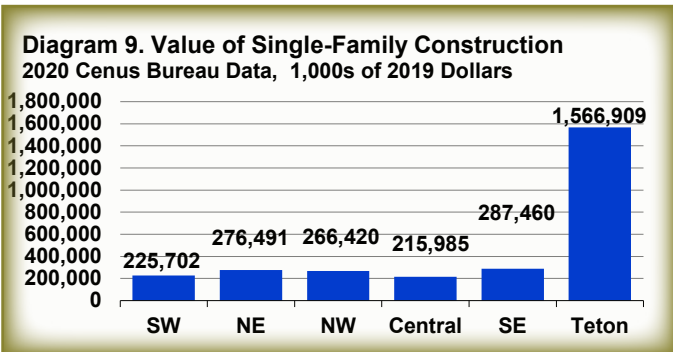


Low unemployment rates often cause upward wage pressure in the labor markets, and in turn, cause earnings to increase. In 1990, average earnings by place of work in the Southwest Region was \$44,297 in real 2019 dollars. Unfortunately, this level of earnings was not sustained, and the average declined until the late 1990s. Since 1990, earnings increased at an annual growth rate of 1.4 percent. As of 2019, the year for which the most recent data are available from the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), the earnings by place of work was \$61,982, shown in Diagram 5.

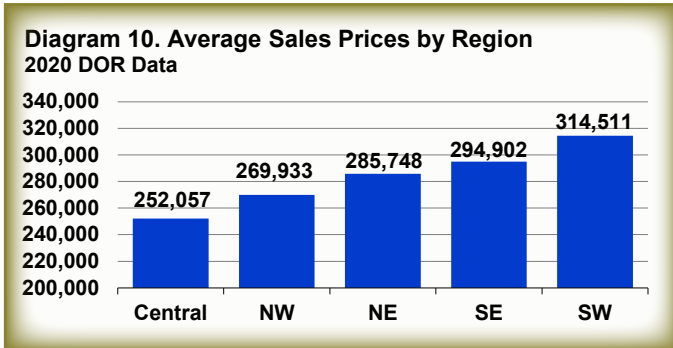




The average real value of new construction in the Southwest Region was the second lowest in the state, as shown in Diagram 9.



County tax assessors in Wyoming report housing prices for existing homes sold on 10 acres or less throughout the state to the Wyoming Department of Revenue (DOR). As shown in Diagram 10, the Southwest Region had the highest prices for existing homes in 2020 at \$314,511, and was exceeded only by the Teton Region, which is not pictured but had an average housing price of \$2.18 million

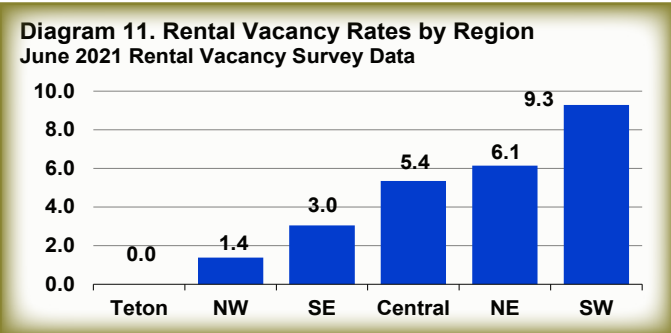


Every six months since 2001, the Wyoming Housing Database Partnership has conducted a survey of rental properties throughout the state. In the first half of 2021, 80 completed surveys covered 1,592 rental units in the Southwest Region. Results showed that rental vacancy rates fluctuated dramatically in this region with a low of 0.8 percent in the second half of 2006 and a high of 10.5 percent in the second half of 2009. In the first half of 2021, rental vacancy rates decreased to 9.3 percent, as shown in Table 11.

Table 1. Southwest Region Rental Vacancy Rates
Rental Vacancy Survey Data (a = June, b = December)

Year	Sample	Total Units	Vacant Units	Vacancy Rate
2009b	198	3,827	403	10.5%
2010a	232	4,158	352	8.5%
2010b	299	4,233	355	8.4%
2011a	299	4,258	324	7.6%
2011b	243	4,186	267	6.4%
2012a	245	4,274	217	5.1%
2012b	246	5,233	336	6.4%
2013a	266	4,772	381	8.0%
2013b	261	5,375	495	9.2%
2014a	257	5,923	354	6.0%
2014b	244	5,937	432	7.3%
2015a	255	4,606	375	8.1%
2015b	202	4,296	410	9.5%
2016a	209	5,239	411	7.8%
2016b	197	3,847	547	14.2%
2017a	190	4,333	686	15.8%
2017b	161	3,712	523	14.1%
2018a	200	4,503	651	14.5%
2018b	166	4,104	457	11.1%
2019a	161	4,503	363	8.1%
2019b	142	3,473	426	12.3%
2020a	127	3,520	309	8.8%
2020b	66	1,147	162	14.1%
2021a	80	1,592	148	9.3%

The statewide vacancy rate was 4.3 percent. The Southwest Region had the highest vacancy rate of all regions in the state with 9.3 percent of all units vacant, as shown in Diagram 11.



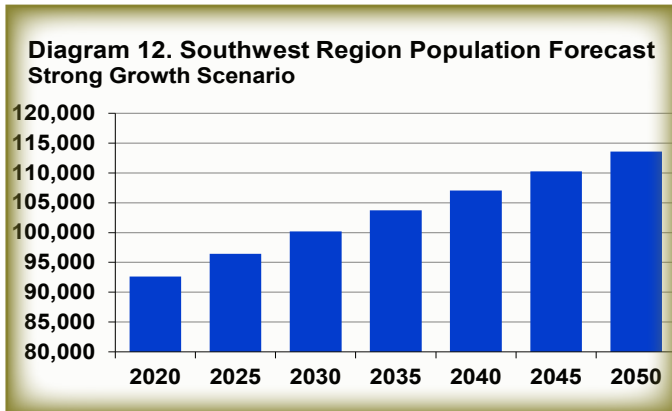
Highlights...

- According to DOR data, the average home price in the Southwest Region was \$314,511 in 2020.
- The June of 2021 rental vacancy survey revealed a vacancy rate of 9.3 percent, as compared to the state rate of 4.3 percent.

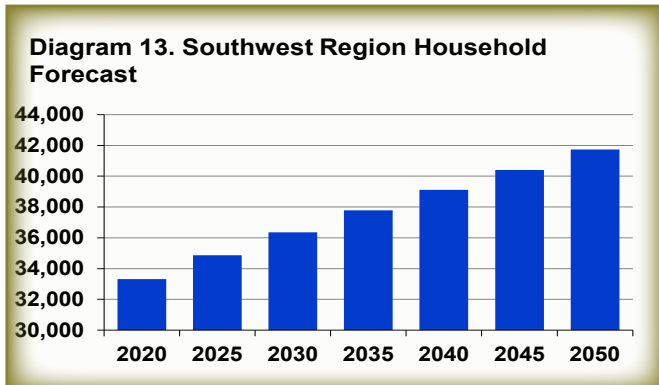
WCDA Housing Needs Forecast

The 2020 Wyoming Housing Needs Forecast modeled three separate growth scenarios: moderate, strong, and very strong. Only the strong growth scenario is presented here.

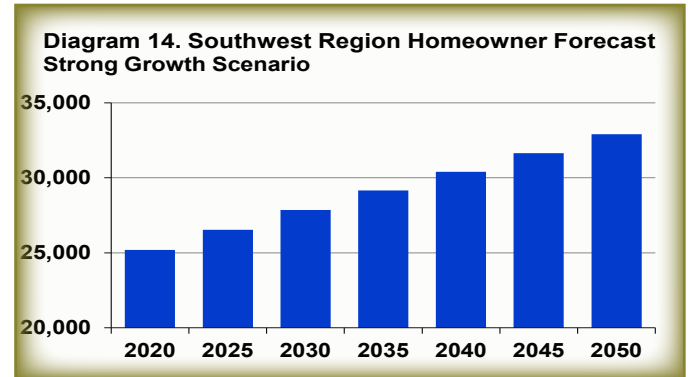
In the strong growth scenario, population is forecasted to increase at an average annual rate of 0.6 percent and reach 113,564 persons in 2050, as shown in Diagram 12.



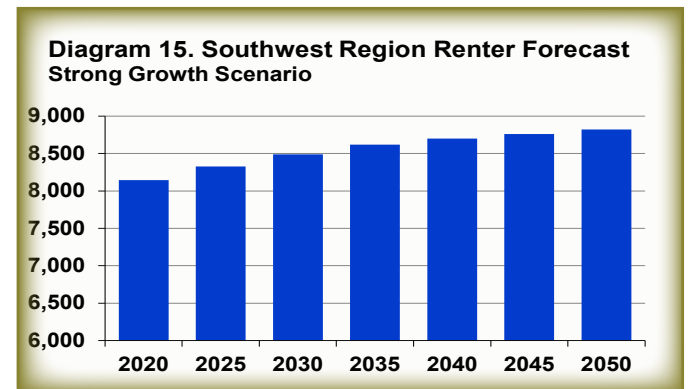
The Wyoming Housing Needs forecast also modeled household formation, which is computed using forecasted values of persons per household and population. The strong growth scenario household forecast estimates an increase of 5,151 households between 2020 and 2050, from 33,326 to 41,736 households. This represents an increase of 22.9 percent from 2020, or an average annual growth rate of 0.4 percent, as shown in Diagram 13.



The forecast separated households into owner- and renter occupied households. Owner-occupied households were forecasted to increase from 25,182 households in 2020 to 32,914 households in 2050. This represents an increase of 6,905 owner-occupied households and an average annual growth rate of 0.7 percent, as shown in Diagram 14.



Renter-occupied households are forecasted to increase from 8,144 households in 2020 to 8,822 households in 2050. This represents an increase of 875 renter occupied households and an average annual rate of 0.3 percent, as shown in Diagram 15.



This regional summary was prepared for the Wyoming Housing Database Partnership. The complete 2021 Wyoming profile is available online on the WCDA website, www.WyomingCDA.com.

